

Automata and Formal Languages

Winter 2020/21

Syllabus

Course schedule

Lectures

Javier Esparza (esparza@in.tum.de)

Monday: 10:15 – 11:45

Room: Interims I, Hörsaal 2, 5620.01.102

Thursday: 14:15 - 15:45

Room: Interims I, Hörsaal 2, 5620.01.102

Exercises

Marijana Lazić (lazic@in.tum.de)

Chana Weil-Kennedy (chana.weilkennedy@in.tum.de)

Tuesday: 10:15 - 11:45

Room: Interims I, Hörsaal 2, 5620.01.102

Automata on finite words

1. Automata classes and conversions
2. Minimization and reduction
3. Boolean operations and tests
4. Operations on relations
5. Operations on finite universes: decision diagrams
6. Automata and logic
7. Pattern-matching, verification, Presburger arithmetic

Automata on infinite words

8. Automata classes and conversions
9. Boolean operations
10. Emptiness check
11. Verification using temporal logic

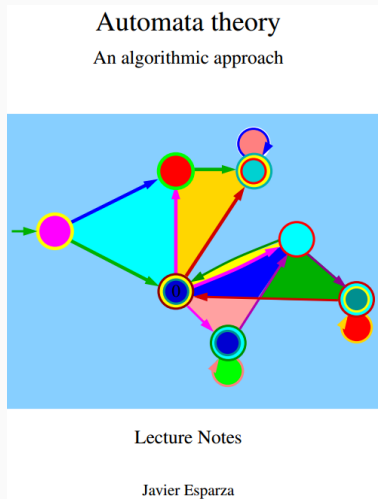
Grading

	Points	Grade
Written exam		
• end of the term	[36, 40]	1,0
• planned as on-site exam	[34, 36]	1,3
	[32, 34]	1,7
	[30, 32]	2,0
• 40 points	[28, 30]	2,3
	[26, 28]	2,7
• retake at the beginning of next term (modulo Covid-19)	[24, 26]	3,0
	[22, 24]	3,3
	[19, 22]	3,7
	[17, 19]	4,0
	[11, 17]	4,3
	[5, 11]	4,7
Exercises not graded!	[0, 5)	5,0

Material

- Lecture notes available online
Over 100 exercises with solutions
No need to buy a book
- Many previous exams available online
- Slides available online
- Automata Tutor to help refresh

www7.in.tum.de > Teaching
> Automata
> more info



Automata theory: brief recap

Formal languages

An *alphabet* is a nonempty finite set of letters

e.g. $\{0, 1\}$, $\{a, b, \dots, z\}$, $\{[0], [1], [0], [1]\}$, $\{\clubsuit, \diamond, \heartsuit, \spadesuit\}$

A (*finite*) *word* is a finite sequence of letters

e.g. 1001, hello, $[1][0][1]$, $\clubsuit\clubsuit\clubsuit\diamond$, ϵ

A *language* is a set of words

e.g. $\{1, 10, 100, 1000, \dots\}$, $\{aa, aba, abbba, \dots\}$

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Formal languages

Let $u = a_1 \cdots a_n$ and $v = b_1 \cdots b_m$ be words

Concatenation: $u \cdot v = uv = a_1 \cdots a_n b_1 \cdots b_m$
 $\varepsilon \cdot u = u = u \cdot \varepsilon$

Exponentiation: $u^0 = \varepsilon, u^{k+1} = u^k \cdot u$

e.g. $a^0 = \varepsilon, a^1 = a, (\text{hallo})^2 = \text{hallohallo},$
 $1^5 = 11111, \varepsilon^{1000} = \varepsilon, ab \cdot cde = abcde$

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{e.g. } a^0 &= \varepsilon, & a^1 &= a, & (\text{hallo})^2 &= \text{hallohallo}, \\ 1^5 &= 11111, & \varepsilon^{1000} &= \varepsilon, & ab \cdot cde &= abcde \end{aligned}$$

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Let L and L' be languages over alphabet Σ

Concatenation: $L \cdot L' = LL' = \{u \cdot v : u \in L, v \in L'\}$

Exponentiation: $L^0 = \{\varepsilon\}, L^{k+1} = L^k \cdot L$

Iteration: $L^* = L^0 \cup L^1 \cup L^2 \cup \dots$

Complement: $\bar{L} = \Sigma^* \setminus L$

e.g. $\{aa, bb\} \cdot \{c, d\} = \{aac, aad, bbc, bbd\},$
 $\{aa, b\}^* = \{\varepsilon, aa, b, aaaa, aab, \dots\}$

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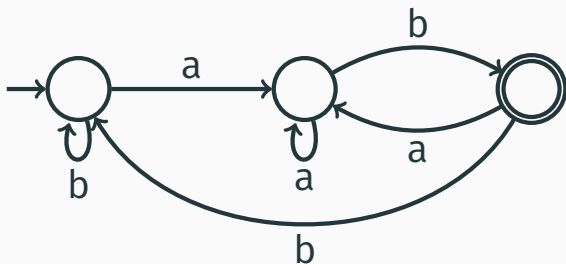
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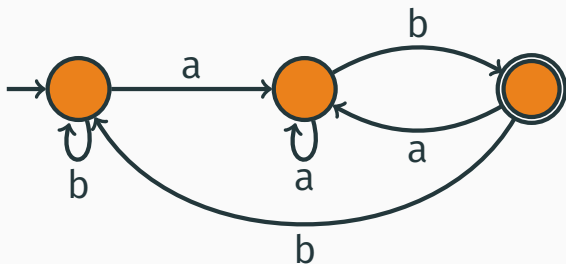
Deterministic finite automata (DFA)

- *States:* nonempty finite set Q
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- *Transitions:* $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow Q$
- *Initial state:* $q_0 \in Q$
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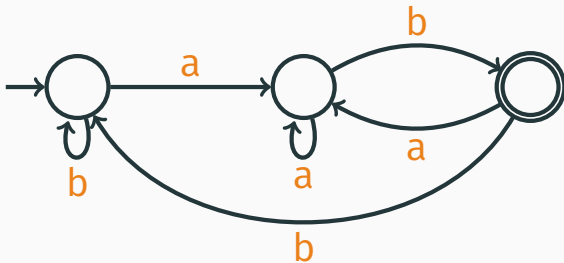
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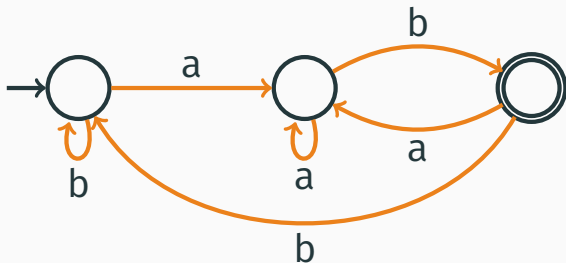
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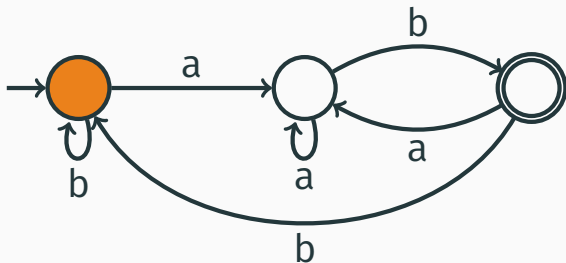
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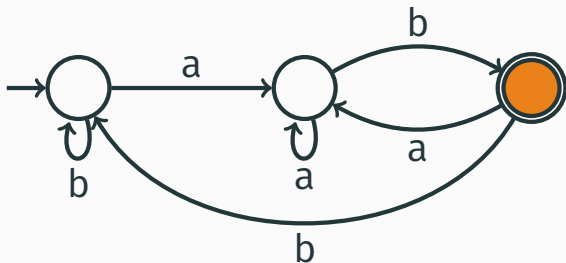
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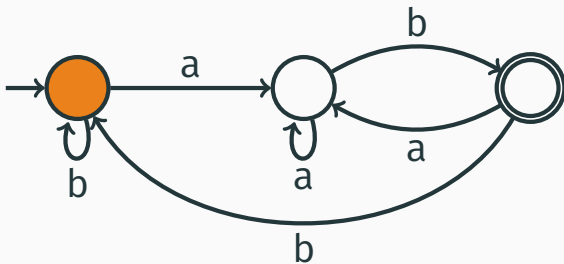
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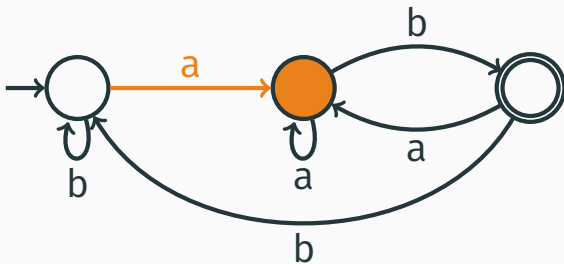
Deterministic finite automata (DFA)

$w = aabab$



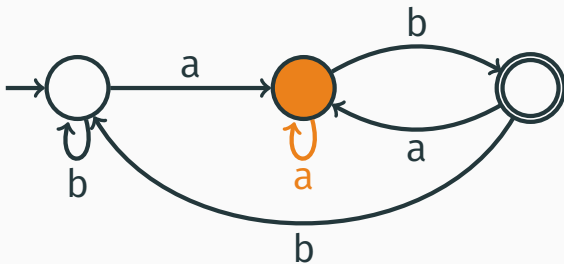
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$w = \mathbf{a}abab$



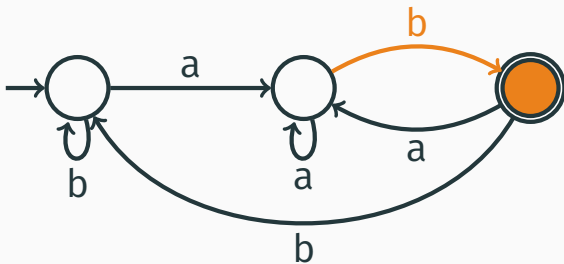
Deterministic finite automata (DFA)

$w = \text{a} \color{orange}{\text{b}} \text{abab}$



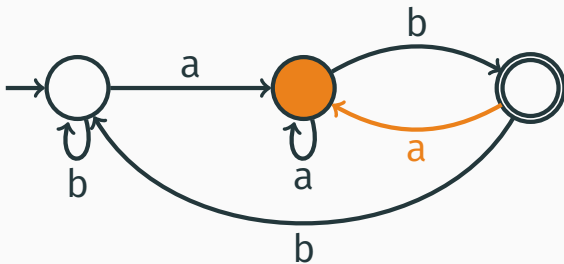
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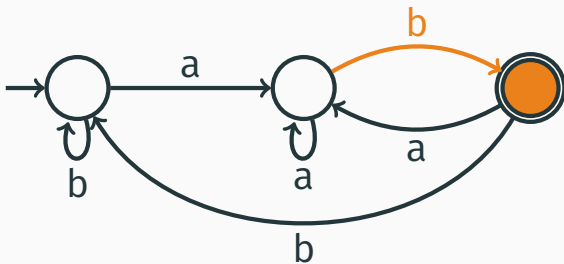
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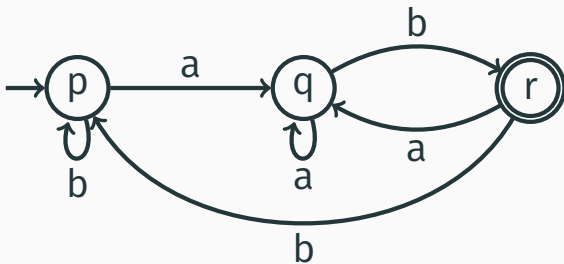
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$w = \text{aaba}b$

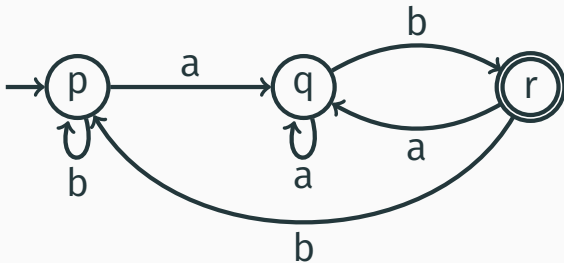


Deterministic finite automata (DFA)

$p \xrightarrow{a} q \xrightarrow{a} q \xrightarrow{b} r \xrightarrow{a} q \xrightarrow{b} r$

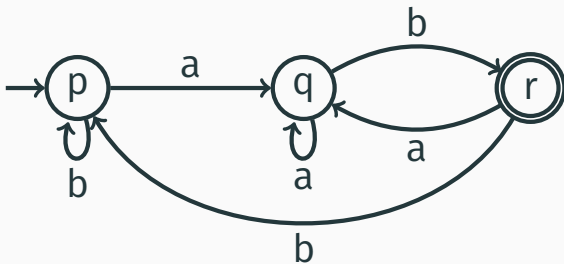


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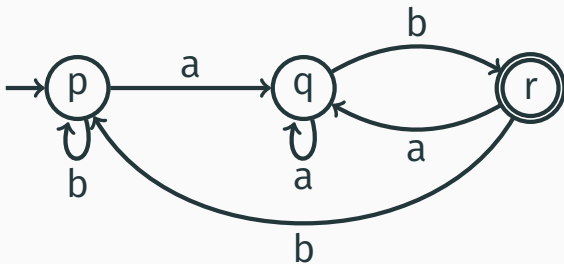
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$$L(A) = \{w \in \Sigma^* : \exists q \in F \text{ s.t. } q_0 \xrightarrow{w} q\}$$



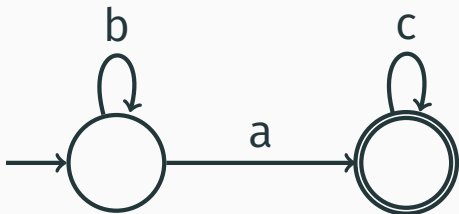
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$$L(A) = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ ends with } ab \}$$



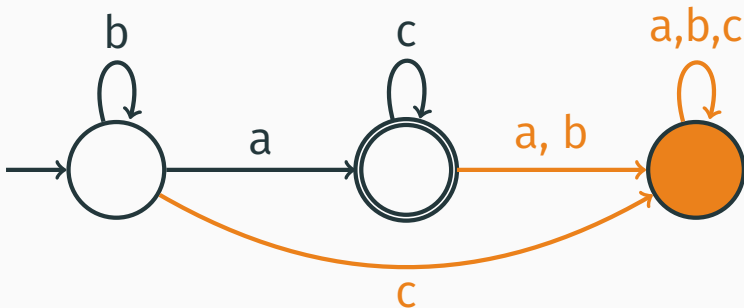
DFA: trap states and unreachable states

Transition function δ defined *on every* input



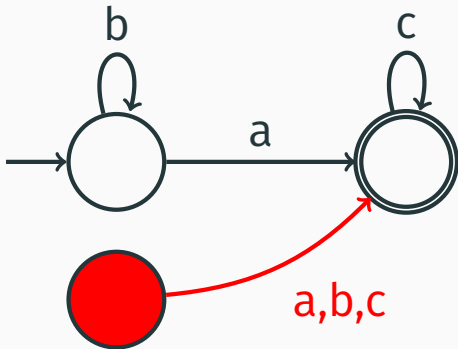
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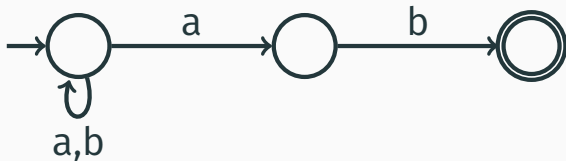
DFA: trap states and **unreachable states**

Every state *reachable* from initial state



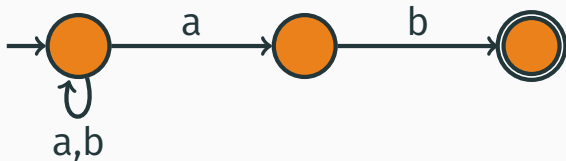
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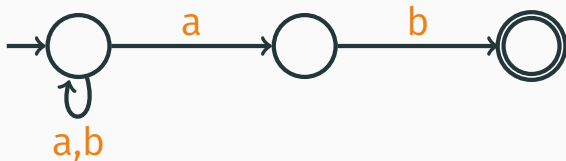
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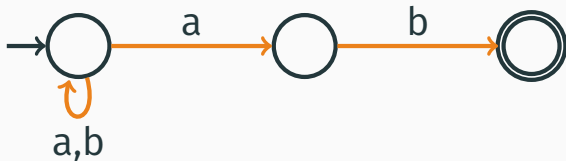
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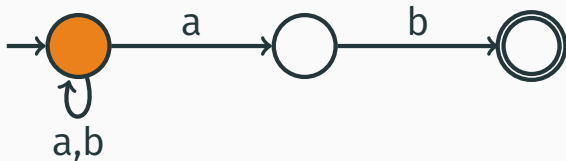
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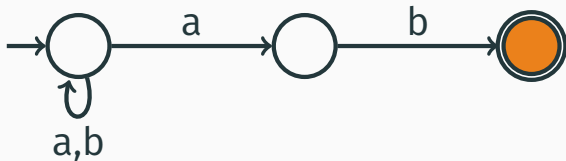
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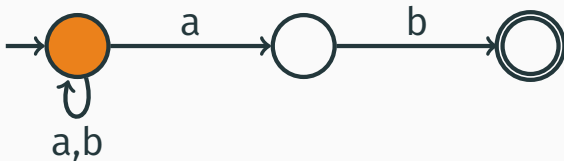
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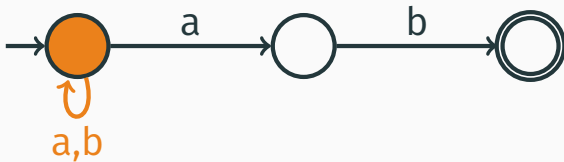
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$w = aab$



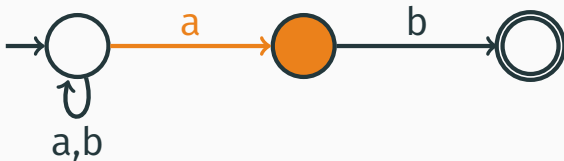
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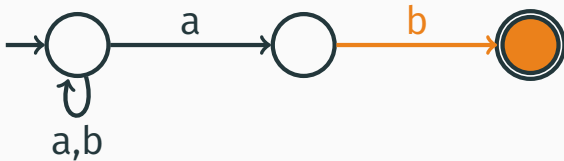
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$w = \text{a} \text{a} \text{b}$



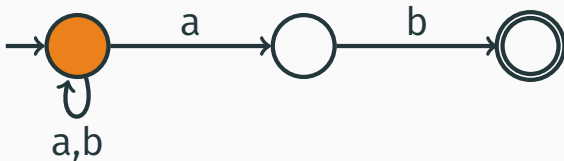
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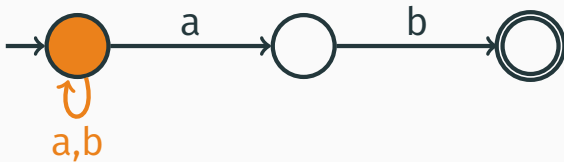
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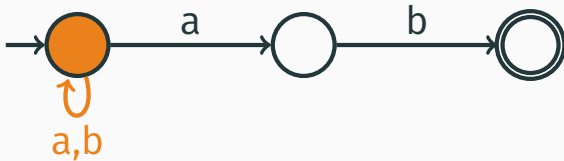
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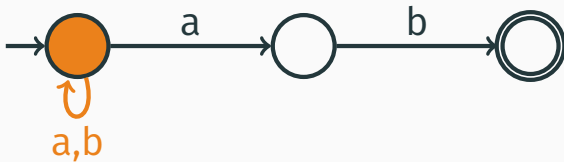
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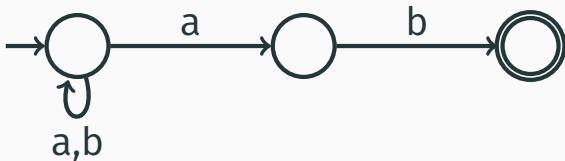


Nondeterministic finite automata (NFA)

$$p_0 \xrightarrow{a_1} p_1 \xrightarrow{a_2} \dots \xrightarrow{a_n} p_n$$

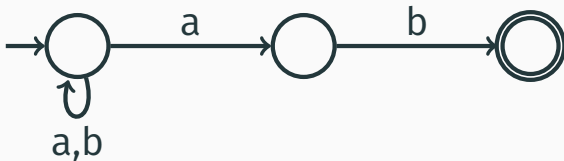


$$p_i \in \delta(p_{i-1}, a_i) \text{ for every } 0 < i \leq n$$



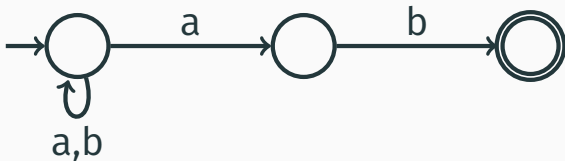
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$$L(A) = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ ends with } ab \}$$



Regular expressions

$$r ::= \emptyset \mid \varepsilon \mid a \mid r_1 r_2 \mid r_1 + r_2 \mid r^*$$

Regular expressions

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$$L(\emptyset) = \emptyset \qquad L(r_1 r_2) = L(r_1) \cdot L(r_2)$$

$$L(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\} \qquad L(r_1 + r_2) = L(r_1) \cup L(r_2)$$

$$L(a) = \{a\} \qquad L(r^*) = L(r)^*$$

$$L((a + b)^* ab) = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* : w \text{ ends with } ab\}$$

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More examples

$$L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* : w \text{ contains } aaa\}$$

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Regular expression?

More examples

$$L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* : w \text{ contains } aaa\}$$

Regular expression?

$$(a + b)^*aaa(a + b)^*$$

More examples

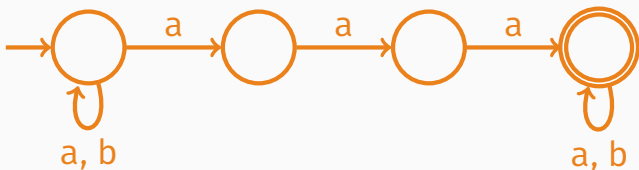
$$L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* : w \text{ contains } aaa\}$$

NFA?

More examples

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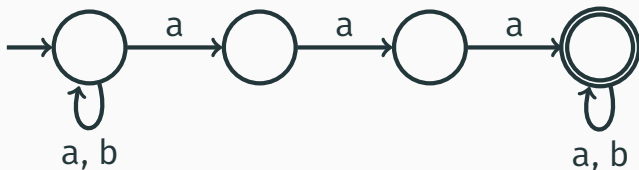
NFA?



More examples

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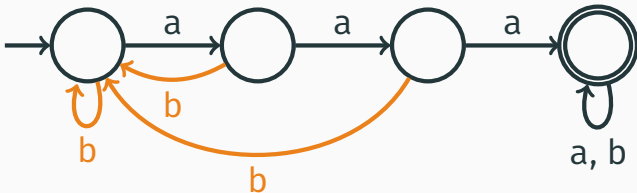
DFA?



More examples

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DFA?



More examples

$L = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* : w \text{ contains an even number of } 0 \text{ or}$
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Regular expression?

More examples

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Regular expression?

$$(1^*01^*0)^*1^* + (0^*10^*1)^*0^*10^*$$

More examples

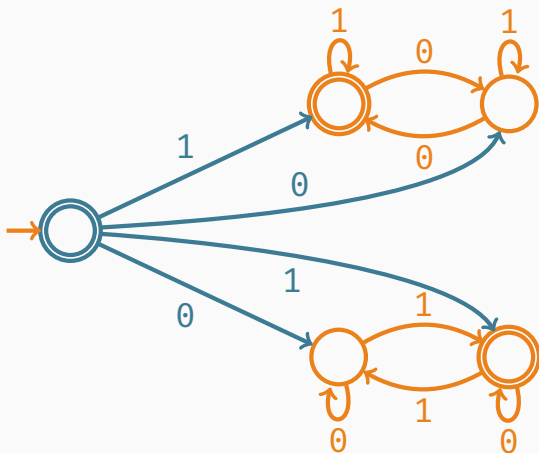
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NFA?

More examples

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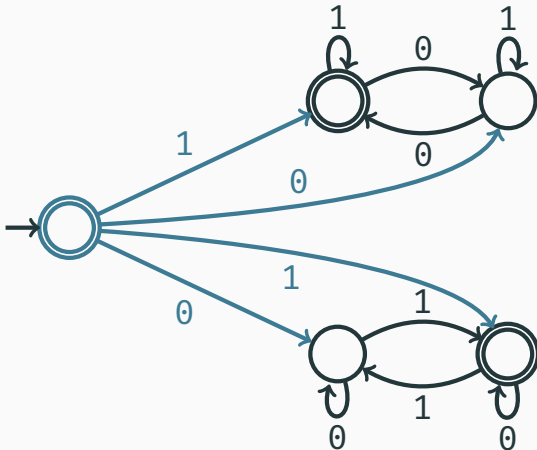
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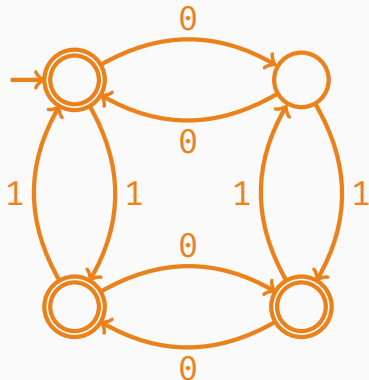
DFA?



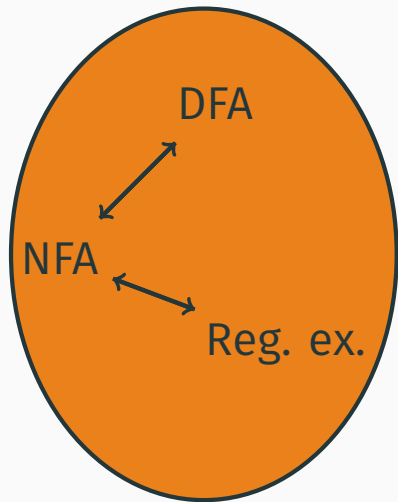
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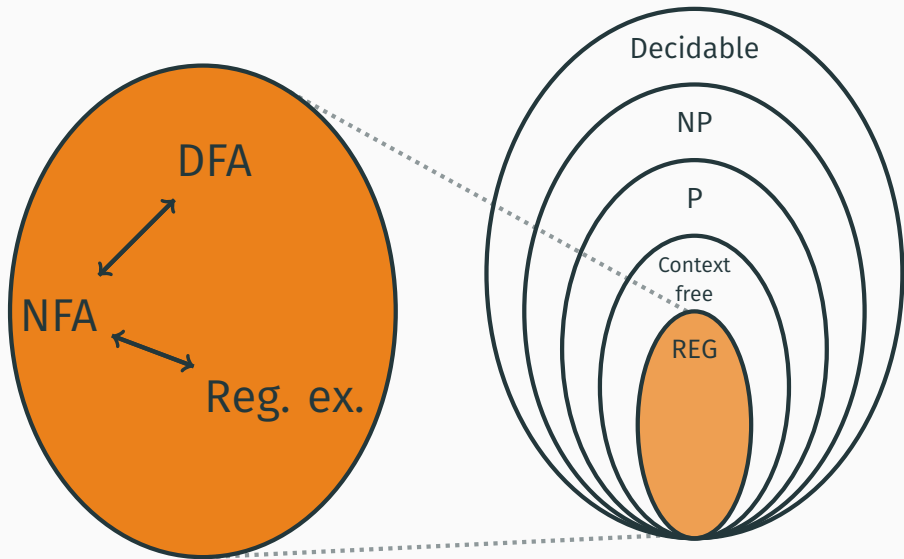
DFA?



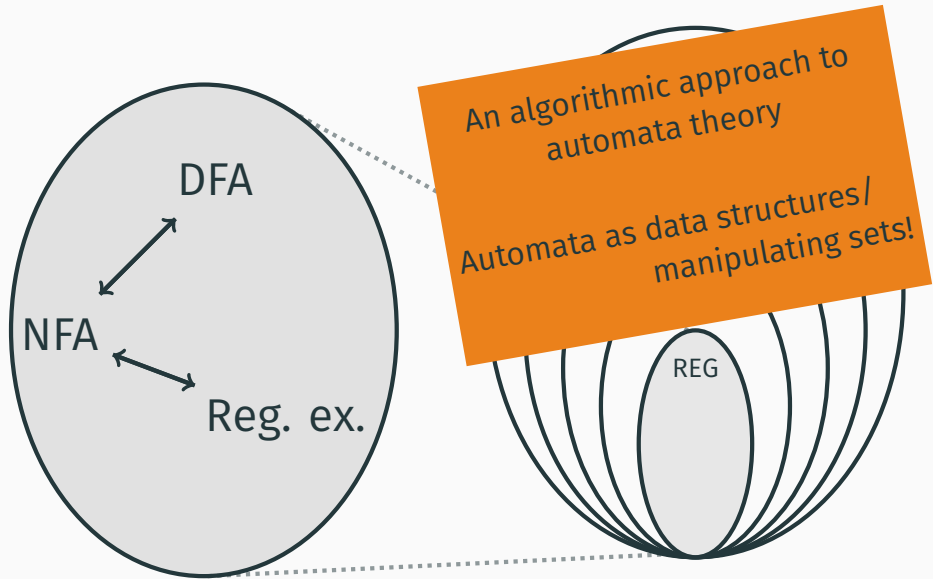
Regular languages



Regular languages



Regular languages

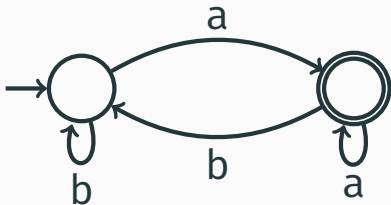


Beyond finite words

Büchi automata

An *infinite word* is an infinite sequence $a_0a_1a_2 \dots$ over some Σ

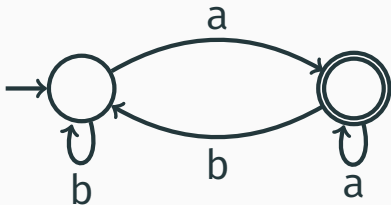
A *Büchi automaton* is "as an NFA", but accepts infinite words



Büchi automata

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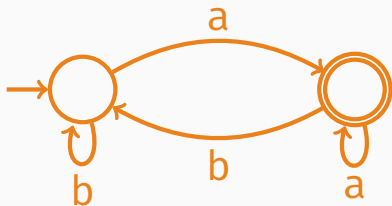
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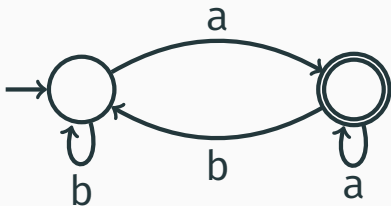
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$$L_\omega(A) = \{w \in \{a, b\}^\omega : w \text{ contains infinitely many } a\}$$

Büchi automata

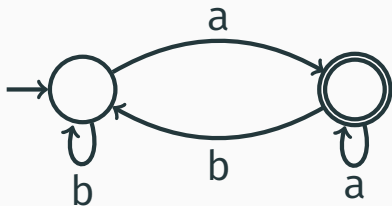
An infinite word

over some Σ

A Büchi automaton

accepts infinite words

Coming later this semester!



$$L_\omega(A) = \{w \in \{a, b\}^\omega : w \text{ contains infinitely many } a\}$$